BOOK REVIEW “LIFE OF PI” BY YANN MARTEL

Bernard Mardianus Tampubolon

English Department, Faculty of Humanities, Diponegoro University

Abstract

This book review is written to find the strength and the weakness in Life of Pi which is written by Yann Martel. “The Book Review of Life of Pi” is focusing on the content of the novel finding the strength and the weakness. The strengths are the plot and the main character named Pi, the weakness is the end of the novel. The plot conveys how the author describes all situations in this novel clearly and the main character shares readers about how to face the world and Pi shares lots of values in his life as a tough boy. The weakness is the end of the novel, Martel does not give an explanation about why Richard dumps Pi without saying goodbye at all. This novel conveys about anything that people think. A novel does not deliver any knowledge of life, but in this novel I read many valuable words.

Key Words: Book Review, Strength, Weakness, Life of Pi, Plot, Main Character and The End of The Novel.
Introduction

This book review is designed to find the weakness and the strength in Life of Pi novel. Life of Pi is a novel which establishes lots of rewards from the readers. In the essence of narration, the main purpose of the book review is to discuss the content of the book, to provide analysis of what the readers have read. The last things that the reviewer should undertake through their own research are to discuss the theme, to assess the literature work and to provide an opinion of the novel.

A novel entitled Life of Pi is written by Yann Martel, it was published in 2001. This novel is well-known as the inspiring novel, its story delivers readers from just the words to the meaning in every word. Life of Pi is divided into two aspects of strength, they are plot and main character. I only find one weakness in this novel, it is the end of story. This novel is conveying readers about the struggle of life, it is proven when Pi Patel can face the huge storm and conquer the tiger named Richard Parker. Pi Patel is a major character who has a great spirit. Pi grows up and gets lots of lessons about the knowledge of life. Pi is a talented boy, when he was junior high school student, he knew about science and comprehended about the mathematic.

Pi’s life is so interesting to be known, from the beginning to the ending, he tells readers about his character as a young man who always gets many handicaps and he always escapes from the handicaps. The climax appears when he got a ship
accident then his family decided to move from India to Canada. In the middle ocean his ship is crushed by a huge storm. The climax is in the boat, he is accompanied by a tiger named Richard Parker, Richard teaches Pi about how to face the adventure and make the knowledge as a tool to face lots of obstacles in the middle ocean, Pi transforms Richard Parker from an adversary to a friend.

This book review explores two major aspects. First, the strengths consist of the plot and the main character. Second, the weakness consists of the ending. The points that will be examined here are the strength and weakness of this novel when viewed in terms of characters, plot and storyline.

**Biography of Yann Martel**

This is a short biography about the writer named Yann Martel, he gets awards from many readers because of his marvelous literature works. Yann Martel (born 1963) is a well-known writer for the Man Booker Prize-Winning, world class bestseller appeared in more than 50 territories.

There is not only Life of Pi, but also lots of novels which become the best seller novel in around the world. They have sold more than 12 million copies worldwide and spent more than a year on the New York Bestseller list. It was taken to the screen by Ang Lee. He is also the writer of the novels Beatrice and Virgil. He has the collection of stories, they are “The Facts Behind” and “Helsinki”.

He is a magnificent author, he writes some fiction novels, he never
stops writing till the end of his life. Many appreciations are useless when he got nothing from what he had written. Yann only need a purity soul when he must write something. He has an inspiration from the Hindu’s life and Moslem’s life then he thinks someone may wear three religions in the same time and Yann represents those in Pi’s life.

Yann believes that every literature work has a soul then it can deliver to readers about the novel’s messages. Some messages possibly get lost because all readers do not comprehend with the meaning in every word which can describe anything about the book. For that reason, he wants to attract the readers more enthusiastic. He thinks that if every writer or author has a pride in their works so that their works will get a pride and a satisfaction.

Yann Martel establishes his first work, *The Facts Behind the Helsinki Roccamatios* and *Other Stories*, a collection of four short stories, in 1993. It granted warm critical reception, although it did not sell well. His first novel, *Self*, was established three years later, to more mixed reviews, and to similarly small sales. It is a fictional autobiography of the first thirty years of the narrator’s life and includes two spontaneous gender changes.

He would never be looser man and given up after these two disappointments, Martel went to India to work on a third novel and figure out where his life was headed. He swiftly recognizes the novel he was working
on was going nowhere, but then he comprehended something he had read about years before, and the idea for *Life of Pi* came to him.

*Life of Pi* was established in 2011 to warm, although somewhat mixed, critical reception, and, along with winning the Man Booker Prize, became an international best-seller. Many critics praised the book’s ability to suspend disbelief even as it tells an amazingly fantastical tale. Those that had problems with the book most often referred to what they saw as Martel’s heavy-handedness with the issue of belief in God, which they considered to underestimate both literature and religion. Other critics, however, praised Martel’s handling of the potentially controversial religious material.

At the height of the book’s popularity, there was a short-lived scandal involving an accusation of plagiarism. Martel has acknowledged that he thought of the premise after reading a review of the English translation of MoacyrScliar’s *Max and the Cats*; the Brazilian press accused Martel of cribbing that book. The similarities between the books, however, are few, and nothing came of the charges.

Martel is currently based in Montreal, although he frequently lives internationally. In 2002 and 2003, Martel worked as a professor in the Department of Comparative Literature at the Free University of Berlin, Germany.
Review of The Novel

The strengths of the Novel

Every novel has a different point of view, it comes from the first person or the second person as the reader and reviewer, a novel has two strengths to convey what the novel wants to readers comprehend with the meaning in there, the strengths of this novel consist of the plot and the main character named Pi Patel.

Plot

This novel uses the flash-back plot where Pi as the main character repeats the accident in the boat and gives any reason for that accident from the beginning to the ending. This plot is so strong to tell the readers about what the correlation between one chapter to the other chapters.

“This plot conveys about what will the story happen after turning back from the previous chapter, I just put the clearly words in every sentence in this story.” (Martel, 2011 : 23)

The flash - back plot in this novel utilizes as the tool which bounds every chapter in this novel. I am so excited to know more about the author’s perception about how to share the plot in every part and chapter. How Yann directly introduces to the readers about the three major religions in the world, they are Islam, Christian and Hindu. Two major aspects in this novel are faith and science, they blend each other. Martel tries to elaborate faith and science into a fiction story which has much values, two religion’s perspectives in the world.

The plot in this novel is not a flash back common plot. In every part of the novel, the author tries to deliver
every message in every word in this novel. The beginning and the climax come over together when both of them are appeared by the author. The author tries to make a complete explanation in every part especially in the middle part.

**Main Character**

The main character named Pi is a curious boy, he does not feel satisfy yet when he gets nothing from what he supposes to know. He learns everything like mathematic, physic and social science. He does love counting, memorizing and reviewing anything that he is and will be doing it.

Every part in all the world is inspiring him then makes a bad thing which comes to him becomes a good thing. In Pondicherry, his biology teacher defies his Hindu faith in God, making him realizes about the positive power of belief, a tough guy named Pi thinks everything which around him is positive then he tries to dump all negative perspectives. Pi tries to practice the three religions in the same and different time, he thinks that if he is able to dominate the three religions so he will recognizes God more.

“I must say a word about fear. It is life’s only true opponent. Only fear can defeat life. It is a clever, treacherous adversary, how well I know. It has no decency, respects no law or convention, shows no mercy. It goes for your spot, which it finds with unnerving ease. It begins in your mind, always… so you must fight hard to express it. You must fight hard to shine the light of word upon it. Because if you do not, if your fear becomes a wordless darkness that you avoid, perhaps even ménage to forget, you open yourself to further attacks of far because you never truly fought the opponent who defeated you.” (Martel, 2011 : 25)
At the point, however, he realizes that the fact he is still alive means that God is with him, he has been given a miracle. This quote gives him a strength, he decides to fight everything that he wants to defeat. A huge storm is not a matter, Pi just believes that he can defeat that.

The Weakness of the Novel

The End of Story

The ending starts when Pi’s live boat got lancing. Pi and Richard do not know anything about this accident, they just remember that there is so big weave comes over them. It is just like of boat’s crush. Pi wanders blindly and he immediately faints in the ocean. He realizes that he is in the coastal sea.

The ending in this novel is little bit confusing. I believe some parts are missed by Martel, it is according to reader’s perspective. After getting a horrible accident then Pi does not get anything about the ending. The big question is why Richard Parker just goes away and dumps him just like that without saying goodbye to Pi. They just look each other then I think that it is making this ending becomes little bit confusing.

The climax is too short and as a reviewer I do not find the sight of Pi’s adventure, Pi do not tell about what he has been through in the sea and what happen there after seeing the huge storm. Pi does not convey and mention his other adventures at sea but it would be easy to erase away some of the fantastical elements in favor of more
grounded situations. He searches an island but comprehending that living is more than just eating and existing. His mind begins blow up then he eventually think again and again about what will happen after miserable think that he has been through. He is deciding to take his opportunities at sea instead of wasting away in apathy on a beach eating meerkats all alone. Pi does not recognize on the more grounded human story throughout the revelation that he was alone on the lifeboat.

“Richard just fades out, his eyes is so empty even he did not recognize me at all. He did not comprehend with what we have been through after many accidents happened. I even forget that on the previous way we are making friend and more than that we are family.” (Martel, 2011 : 67)

This ending is just like gone, as a reader and reviewer, I do not get the point about Richard Parker just goes away and dumps Pi just like he does not recognize him at all, the reason for that act is nothing. Pi just tells that he is just like looser when he did not get his big effort to achieve his success throughout face the a lot of obstacles.

It blows away without conveying that the remainder of this article will fulfill withpoint of major spoiler for Life of Pi. The end of the story does not want to be spoiled about either, turn away now. For anyone who hasn’t read Life of Pi and isn’t concerned about having the ending spoiled, Pi’s adventure exposures in a Mexican hospital bed where he is interviewed by a pair of Japanese Ministry of Transport officials. The
breakthrough point appear when The agents tell Pi that his story which includes multiple animal companions and a carnivorous island. The story is too unbelievable for them to report, so Pi tells them a distinctive version of the story: one that paints a much darker and emotionally disturbing variation of events. After both stories have been shared, Pi leaves it up to the viewer (or reader) to decide which version they “prefer.”

Personal “preference” has larger thematic meaning, when viewed in the context of the overarching story; however, before we analyze the ending in greater detail, we’re going to briefly lay out the two versions of Pi’s story.

**Conclusion**

The valuable things appear in this novel are the plot and the main character, both of them are designed to attract readers more. The strengths are the plot and the main character named Pi, the weakness is the ending. The plot conveys about how the author describes all situations in this novel clearly and the main character shares readers about how to face the world and Pi shares lots of values in his life as a tough boy.

The weakness is the ending, Martel does not give an explanation about why Richard dumps Pi without saying goodbye at all. From the end of the story, there are many questions appeared by the readers, as a reader and reviewer, this story is not finding yet its strong point to make sure the
readers about what the implicit messages that can deliver to the

References

